

HE COULDN'T BE BLAMED.

Did Everything in His Power to Secure Support But Was Handicapped.

"I suppose it was a little cheeky," said the young man to the old fellow on the rear platform of the car, "but what are you going to do in such a case?"

"Yes, what are you going to do?" queried the old fellow, in reply, though having no knowledge of what was meant.

"I got up the courage to ask her hand in marriage and she murmured yes."

"They generally murmur," said the old fellow.

"Then to be in good form, I had to go and ask the old man's consent."

"A perfectly correct, young man—perfectly correct."

"I took a bribe and walked in on him," continued the young man, "and in due time I had stated my case. He waited a decent length of time and then said I could have her."

"That was beautiful—beautiful."

"Yes, as far as it went. Yes, that was all right, but I wasn't through with him yet. I had to ask him if he'd lend me a hundred dollars to get married on. Wasn't no other way, you know."

"No, no other way," repeated the old fellow as he got a new brace for his back.

"And he loaned it to you?"

"No. Threw me down with a dull thud."

"You don't say?"

"Did he not?" Yes, the whole thing is off, and I have loved and lost. I don't see where I'm to blame, though."

"Not a bit of it. You loved and wanted to marry; but it takes money to get married on. He had it, but wouldn't lend it. No money—no marriage. Plain as the nose on your face, and you're not a bit to blame. 'Put it that, young man, and cheer up and get a new hold with your toes. You had to do it—had to do it—and anybody as says you hadn't is a liar and a boss thief and doesn't stand up before the undersigned for three rounds.'—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

THE ICE MACHINE'S PART.

At Last There Has Been a New Feature Introduced Into Uncle Tom's Cabin.

There is a new wrinkle in "Uncle Tom's Cabin" theatrical companies. One of them, which is ransacking the state of New Jersey for audiences, has hit upon the device of buying a refrigerating machine and using real blocks of ice in the scene in which Eliza, pursued by a pack of barking mongrels, crosses the river carrying in her arms a stuffed doll.

The ice-making machine has proved an enormous success. At the Ridgewood opera house, where the ice machine played a few evenings ago, a frantic crowd fought its way through the doors. At the first performance the ice machine was kept in the background. Several cakes were manufactured before the performance and placed on the green baize river. They were carefully sanded on the surface, so that when Eliza made her grand dash for liberty she would not turn undignified somersaults. The ice machine, however, had been so largely advertised that yokels wanted to see it. They sat in their places after the curtain descended upon the solemn death of Little Eva and howled for the ice machine to come out and show itself. The stage manager and a couple of deck hands had to carry it down to the footlights. Then they turned the handle and, amid uproarious applause, the machine produced a cake of real ice.

Since then a part has been written in the play for the ice machine. When the river scene opens a couple of southern speculators are discovered experimenting with the machine. They produce their ice, and not having any immediate use for it turn it into the river, and it sits upon the river surface at proper intervals to accommodate Eliza's footsteps. A colored man comes out and sprinkles sand over the ice in full view of the audience.—Chicago Chronicle.

Under Two Flags.

"What a grand picture it must have been," remarked the boarder who had seen Dewey, "to have seen the Olympia steaming home, the stars and stripes on one mast and the homeward pennant on the other."

"Magnificent!" echoed the man in black suspenders, "but think what a picture it would have been to have seen the stars and stripes on one mast and the baseball pennant on the other."—Chicago Evening News.

Can't Miss the Place.

Stranger—Where does that new dentist have his office?

Policeman—You mean the one who pulls teeth without pain?

"Yes."

"Go right around the corner. You will have no trouble finding his office. You can hear his patients yell half a block away."—Ohio State Journal.

A Dear Little Darling—Wigwag—"My wife is the dearest little woman in the world." Watson—"I don't know about that. How much does she cost you?"—Philadelphia Record.

PERU CATARRH

COLDS COUGHS SORE-THROAT GRIPPE CROUP HOARSENESS

GENERAL JOE WHEELER

Says of Peru: "I join Senators Sullivan, Roach and McEnery in their good opinion of Peru as an effective catarrh remedy."

PERU CATARRH

THE GREAT

HALF ACTUAL SIZE.

MILITIA CALLED.

Judge Toney, of Louisville, Issued Orders Allowing Brown Inspectors at Polling Places.

The Decree in Some Instances Contemptuously Ignored, and Judge Toney Called on Gov. Bradley to Enforce the Order, Which Was Done.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 8.—At 6 o'clock Tuesday evening Col. C. C. Mengel received orders from Gov. Bradley to send to the polls at once the Louisville Legion, which had been under arms at its armory all day in readiness for a call. Up to this time the election had been one of the quietest ever known here. The balloting proceeded all day without any disorder. A few arrests for alleged interference with voters were made, but there was less than the usual amount of friction between the workers for the respective candidates.

When the polls closed at 4 o'clock the inspectors representing the interests of the Brown ticket appeared and demanded admittance to watch the count. This was done under a mandatory injunction issued by Judge Toney, of the circuit court, shortly before noon, restraining the city authorities and officers of election from interfering with the Brown inspectors. About the middle of the afternoon the Republicans secured a similar order for their inspectors on representations that they were threatened with interference.

In a number of places the inspectors were refused recognition and Gov. Bradley's order for troops to go to the polls was made upon a statement by Judge Toney reciting this state of affairs.

Judge Toney's letter to Gov. Bradley was as follows:

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 7. Gov. W. O. Bradley, City, Sir—Two mandatory injunctions were to-day issued by me on the request of the Jefferson circuit court, requiring election officers, at the election precincts to allow the inspectors for the Brown and republican tickets entrance to the voting precincts to witness and inspect the count. It has been represented to me that these injunctions are being contemptuously ignored and violated. I have issued the decree or judgment of law. I am not a ministerial officer and can not enforce it. I call your attention to the fact as chief executive of the state, that you may take such action to see that the laws are executed as you may deem proper under the circumstances.

Yours very respectfully,
STEFELING B. TONEY.
Judge Jefferson Circuit Court, Law and Equity Division.

The men were ready, and within a few minutes began to form about the armory. Belts were loaded up with ball cartridges, and every man had his bayonet fixed.

Col. Mengel, who was in uniform for the first time since the regiment was placed in readiness for a call, assumed command. As soon as the order became known, Sheriff Bell hastened to the armory and protested against the calling out of the troops, on the ground that there had been no disorder and no trouble, and that there was no occasion for action by the state authorities; that Judge Toney had not made any representations to him (the sheriff) as peace officer of the county; that there had not been any interference with his order.

Col. Mengel replied that he was acting under instructions from Gov. Bradley.

Shortly after 7 o'clock orders to march were given. Companies B, C and D swung into Main street and started on the double quick for the lower quarters of the city in the west end. They visited polling places en route and inquired into the treatment of the representatives of all the parties. Everything was found quiet, however, and the blue coats were marched back to headquarters. The only excitement noticeable was that occasioned by their presence. Meanwhile the count was proceeding in all the voting places of the city.

RECEIPTS OF THE FIGHT.

Jeffries and Sharkey Receive Their Share of the Gate Money—The Pictures Will Not Fortune.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—Jim Jeffries and Thos. Sharkey received their share of the gate receipts of the big fight Tuesday. The total receipts of the fight were \$60,848. The fighters received two-thirds of this amount, or \$44,560. As the winner, Jeffries received 75 per cent., or \$33,420, and Sharkey's share was the remaining 25 per cent., or \$11,140. Jeffries' share of the receipts is the largest ever received for winning a battle. Each fighter has a third interest in the pictures, and it is estimated at least \$500,000 will be derived from this source.

Adm. Dewey Returns to Washington
NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—Adm. Dewey and his fiancée, Mrs. Mildred Hazen, left for Washington Tuesday. In the party also were Mrs. Washington McLean and Mrs. Ludlow, mother and sister, respectively, of Mrs. Hazen.

It All Depends on What England Will Do
PARIS, Nov. 8.—The Berlin correspondent of the Figaro says Emperor William is resolved to occupy Tiger Bay, south of Angola, on the west coast of South Africa, if England occupies Delagoa Bay.

THE SAMOAN GROUP.

The Partition of the Islands Closes a Long-Standing Controversy—We Get Tutuila and Other Small Islands.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Whatever plan Great Britain and Germany might agree upon, it was stipulated should be first submitted to the ratification of the United States. This was necessary as the change proposed could be made only by formal treaty, which would require the approval of the senate.

It is believed that the arrangement proposed now will be satisfactory to the state department. The United States is not concerned with the amount or character of the compensation that passes between the other nations. Besides retaining the coaling station of Pago Pago, acquiring the island of Tutuila, where on the harbor is located, and the three or four smaller islets in the vicinity, the United States will continue to enjoy by stipulation the privilege of trading with Apia under conditions equally as favorable as those now existing. The islets referred to are not of any particular importance from a commercial point of view, but it is deemed essential to control them politically in order to prevent smuggling.

The partition of the Samoan group of islands marks the close of a long-standing source of international controversy, and also brings about new territorial arrangements in the South Pacific.

In the early stage of the negotiations it was agreed that the United States should have the island of Tutuila, with its valuable harbor of Pago Pago, and the lesser islands of its coast, including the large islet of Manua. The negotiations then shifted to London to determine whether Germany or Great Britain should retain the two remaining islands of Upolu and Savaii. The nature of these later negotiations have been constantly communicated to Washington, although they have not reached the state department and it has been known for some days that in case Great Britain retired from Samoa, Germany would give as part compensation the large Solomon islands of Ysabel and Choiseul. These are near the British possessions in Australasia, being east of New Guinea. They are twice the size of the Samoan group but the country is mountainous and the people warlike, many being cannibals. The area of all the German Solomon islands is 9,000 square miles, against 1,700 square miles for the entire Samoan group.

At the British and German embassies here the announcement of the close of the negotiations was received with much satisfaction.

A high diplomatic official said that the agreement was due mainly to the fact that German public sentiment was averse to retiring from Samoa, and yielding to this sentiment. Great Britain had solved the matter by taking an equivalent in territory elsewhere.

BERLIN, Nov. 9.—The Deutsche Zeitung, which harshly criticizes the agreement, says: "Everything beyond Tonga is far in excess of a fair price. Germany ought to have secured additional African rights."

The National Zeitung says: "The agreement is a success which is not impaired by the indemnity accorded for the renunciation of British rights which are as indisputable as the German."

The Neuste Nachrichten says: "The political importance lies in the fact that certain questions threatening the good understanding of Germany with England and America are disposed of."

The Post says: "The cry that Samoa has become German will find a joyful echo in German hearts."

The Boersen Zeitung says: "The American retention of Tutuila appears to make the agreement less valuable, because it is precisely the presence of Americans which has given rise to continual friction."

The Dewey Wedding
WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—The marriage ceremony, which will unite Adm. Dewey and Mrs. Hazen, will be performed at Mrs. McLean's residence. Only a family party, with a few intimate friends and several high officials, will witness the event. No authoritative information is obtainable as to the exact date for the wedding.

Cardinal Gibbons will be away from Washington for a week and it is believed that Archbishop Keane, a friend of the bride, will celebrate the marriage rites. The archbishop is out of the city.

Civil Marriage of Luz Diaz
CITY OF MEXICO, Nov. 9.—The civil marriage of Miss Luz Diaz, daughter of President Diaz, to Francisco Rinconon Gallardo, took place Wednesday evening at the city residence of the president, only the families of the contracting parties being present. The religious ceremony will occur Friday.

Embargo to Be Removed
OTTAWA, Ont., Nov. 9.—The Dominion government received a cablegram from the home authorities Wednesday stating that the embargo placed upon Canadian cattle entering Belgium would be removed on the 15th inst.

Grand Stands Burned
ROCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 9.—The three grand stands on the Rochester Driving Park association grounds were totally destroyed by fire Wednesday evening, a loss of \$25,000. This means the permanent closing of the famous track.

The New Explosive.

Thorite, the new explosive, has been distinguished itself by passing through a 4 inch Harveyized steel plate. If its success continues, it will make as great a record for itself in the military world as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has in the medical world. So far nothing has appeared which can equal this wonderful medicine in its speedy and permanent mastery of all diseases of the stomach, liver or kidneys. It's a good remedy to try when everything else has failed.

Matter of Length.

"How long should mourning gowns be worn by a widow of 22?" was the question that came sobbing through the mails. Now it came to the sporting editor's day off, and the religious editor, therefore, was attending to the Side Talks with Young Persons. "There is no hard and fast rule," wrote the religious editor, confidently, "but they ought to come down to the boot tops, at least." This incident illustrates the occasional awkwardness of a newspaper standing as a bulwark of morals to the exclusion of everything else.—Detroit Journal.

Now Everybody Can Ride.

If you have any doubt about it be sure to read the advertisement of the John M. Smyth Co., Chicago, in this paper, in which they propose to sell a high-grade Top Buggy for \$34.95. How they do it is a puzzle, but as the firm is one of the largest in the country and of the highest standing, that's their matter. Better find the advertisement now, while you think of it, and read it through carefully. The firm issues a Mammoth Catalogue, in which is listed "everything to eat, wear and use at lowest wholesale prices."

Its Origin.

"Hoot!" cried the owl ever and anon. The fowls of the air and the beasts of the field stirred uneasily in their sleep and muttered maledictions.

"Why are they so angry?" asked the owl at last.

"They are envious, my child," replied the owl, "of my Scotch dialect. Hoot, hoot!"—Detroit Journal.

Delightfully Feminine.

Mother—I don't understand you at all. You are constantly praising Miss Whirly now, and you used to insist that you couldn't bear her.

Daughter—But I didn't know then, mamma, that she was jealous of me. It is just too sweet of her.—Detroit Free Press.

Modern Science.

"Steam has rendered man inestimable service," remarked the observer of men and things, "and woman also, since it has enabled her to open her husband's letters without his ever knowing it."—Detroit Journal.

Some Are So Clever.

"Is it hard to propose to a girl?" asked the novice in affairs of the heart.

"Sometimes it's a good deal harder not to propose," returned the man of worldly experience, thoughtfully. "It's always well to be on your guard."—Chicago Post.

Thanksgiving Holiday, 1899
Greatly reduced rates via the C. H. & D. Railroad. Tickets sold on November 29 and 30, limited to December 1, for return. Ask your nearest C. H. & D. agent for full particulars regarding time of trains and rates.

Needless Adjectives.

Little Willie—"Say, pa, what's a redundancy of expression?"

Pa—Using more words than are necessary to express one's meaning, such as "wealthy" for "rich," "wealthy plumber," etc.—Chicago Evening News.

When a man says he wants work, he does not always mean that he is willing to do the work he is capable of doing, at the market price.—Atchison Globe.

He (ardently)—I am heels over head in love with you! She (the usual conventional)—How awfully upset you must be!—Town Topics.

It is a matter of wonder that nobody ever excused his tardiness by claiming that the sun rose too late.—Lester Monthly.

A millionaire's daughter is taken at her par value.—Elliot's Magazine.

THE MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 9.
LIVE STOCK—Cattle, common \$2.75 @ 3.85
Select butchers, 4.25 @ 4.85
CALVES—Fair to good, light, 6.25 @ 8.75
HOGS—Common and heavy, 3.50 @ 4.25
Mixed packers, 3.90 @ 4.10
Light shippers, 4.35 @ 4.45
SHEEP—Choice, 4.25 @ 4.90
LAMBS—Spring, 4.85 @ 5.00
FLOUR—Winter patent, 3.35 @ 3.65
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 2, 60¢ @ 64¢
No. 3, 57¢ @ 61¢
Corn—No. 2, 32¢ @ 32½¢
Oats—No. 2, 22¢ @ 23½¢
PORK—Mess, 9.75 @ 9.85
LARD—Steam, 5.15 @ 5.20

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.
FLOUR—Winter patent, 3.55 @ 3.65
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 2, 61¢ @ 63½¢
No. 3, 58¢ @ 61½¢
Corn—No. 2, 32¢ @ 32½¢
Oats—No. 2, 22¢ @ 23½¢
PORK—Mess, 9.75 @ 9.85
LARD—Steam, 5.15 @ 5.20

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.
FLOUR—Winter patent, 2.60 @ 3.85
WHEAT—No. 2, 61¢ @ 74½¢
Corn—No. 2, 32¢ @ 40½¢
Oats—No. 2, 22¢ @ 29½¢
PORK—New Mess, 9.25 @ 9.50
LARD—Western, 5.10 @ 5.50

BALTIMORE, Nov. 9.
FLOUR—Family, 3.25 @ 3.50
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 2, 63¢ @ 64½¢
Southern, 61½¢ @ 64½¢
Corn—No. 2, 30¢ @ 31½¢
Oats—No. 2, 21¢ @ 23½¢
Rye—No. 2, 58¢ @ 61½¢
CALVES—First quality, 4.75 @ 5.25
HOGS—Western, 4.85 @ 5.00

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 9.
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 2, 61¢ @ 67¢
Corn—No. 2, 32¢ @ 33½¢
Oats—No. 2, 21½¢ @ 24½¢

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 9.
FLOUR—Winter patent, 3.45 @ 3.55
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 2, 61¢ @ 71¢
Corn—Mixed, 30¢ @ 36½¢
Oats—No. 2, 21¢ @ 25¢
PORK—Mess, 9.00 @ 9.50
LARD—Steam, 5.25 @ 5.50

Does your head ache? Pain back of your eyes? Bad taste in your mouth? It's your liver! Ayer's Pills are liver pills, cure constipation, headache, dyspepsia, and all liver complaints. 25c. All druggists.

Want your mustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use the BUCKINGHAM'S DYE FOR MUSTACHES.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness cured by catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Immovable.

Lawyer—Do you swear the collision raised the entire car?

Witness—Well, it raised everything but the windows.—Judge.

The Best Prescription for Chills
Chills and Fever is a bottle of Grove's Tasteless Chills Tonic. It is simply the most efficacious and tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price, 50c.

Each to His Craft.

Plumber—So long; I'm off to lay a pipe.
Poet—Well, good-by; I'm off to pipe a lay.—Sydney Herald.

To Cure a Cold in One Day
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

A thoroughgoing egotist is usually devoid of the sense of humor.—Chicago Daily News.

For Whooping Cough, Piso's Cure is a successful remedy.—M. P. Dieter, 67 Throop Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., Nov. 14, '94.

Don't put in too much time standing on dignity or riding a hobby.—Chicago Daily News.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES are fast to washing, washing and rubbing. Sold by all druggists.

A vacant expression—"To Rent."—Golden Days.

A 25c SAMPLE BOTTLE FOR 10c.

DOCTORS INSIST that their patients use "5 DROPS" for RHEUMATISM, KIDNEY DISEASE etc. Read the following letters:

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE CO.: When I wrote you for a sample bottle of "5 DROPS" my wife was suffering terribly from Rheumatism and was very discouraged, as I had tried everything the doctors prescribed, even sending her to Richmond Springs, etc. My doctor is very much surprised at the progress my wife is making, and she is so well that she refuses to keep her seamstress and is now doing her own sewing. The doctors insist on her taking "5 DROPS" and assure her that it is now only a matter of a few days and she will be entirely cured, and as we are very well known here, the "5 DROPS" is receiving considerable attention and praise.

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE CO.: I suffered terribly with Kidney Trouble for years, and after using less than two bottles of "5 DROPS" I am now entirely well and I give "5 DROPS" the praise for my cure. I could not find anything that would give me the slightest relief until I tried this remedy, and I recommend it to everybody as a permanent cure for Kidney Disease. MARY A. CARBAUGH, Black Gap, Pa., Aug. 22, '99.

"5 DROPS" is the most powerful specific known. Free from opiates and perfectly harmless. It gives almost instantaneous relief, and is a positive cure for Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Backache, Asthma, Hay Fever, Catarrh, La Grippe, Croup, Sleeplessness, Nervousness, and Neuralgic Headaches, Earache, Toothache, Heart Weakness, Dropsy, Malaria, Creeping Numbness, etc., etc.

To enable sufferers to give "5 DROPS" at least a trial, we will send a sample bottle by mail, for 10c. A sample bottle will convince you. 30 DAYS. Also, large bottles (30 doses) \$1.00, 6 bottles for \$5. Sold by us and agents. AGENTS WANTED in New Territory. WRITE US TO-DAY.

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE CO., 160 to 164 Lake St., CHICAGO, ILL.

HOLIDAY GIFTS FOR ALL.

A DOLLAR STRETCHER One lady writes that the greatest "Dollar Stretcher" she has ever found is the new and original method by which J. C. Hubinger is introducing his latest invention, a "Red Cross" and "Hubinger's Best" starch. She says: "With your Endless Chain Starch Book, I received from my grocer one large package of 'Red Cross' starch, one large package of 'Hubinger's Best' starch, and two beautiful Shakespeare panels, all for 5c. How far my dollar will go, I am unable to figure out. Ask your grocer for this starch and obtain the beautiful Christmas presents free."

JOHN M. SMYTH CO.

MAMMOTH MAIL ORDER HOUSE

\$25.00 High Grade Top Buggy \$34.95

AT OUR SPECIAL OFFER PRICE OF ONLY

We offer this buggy at actual factory wholesale price, the equal of which is frequently sold by the dealers at not less than \$60.00, so that they who buy direct from us save fully \$25.00 and get a better buggy. We give you either piano or Cornish style body, end springs or "5 DROPS" the price for my cure. I could not find anything that would give me the slightest relief until I tried this remedy, and I recommend it to everybody as a permanent cure for Kidney Disease. MARY A. CARBAUGH, Black Gap, Pa., Aug. 22, '99.

patent, warranted second growth hickory. We are bound to make this buggy so perfect that it will sell many more for us. Only a limited number will be sold at our special price of \$34.95. We will ship C. O. D. anywhere in the United States east of the Rocky mountains on receipt of only \$2.00 as evidence of good faith.

In which is listed at lowest wholesale prices everything to eat wear and use, is furnished on receipt of only 10¢ to partly pay postage or expressage and as evidence of good faith the 10¢ is allowed on first purchase amounting to \$1.00 or above.

OUR MONTHLY GROCERY PRICE LIST FREE!

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3 & 3.50 SHOES

Worth \$4 to \$6 compared with other makes. Indorsed by over 1,000,000 wearers. The genuine have W. L. Douglas's name and price stamped on bottom. Take no substitute claimed to be as good. Your dealer should keep them—let us send a pair on receipt of price. State kind of leather, size, and width, plain or cap toe. Catalogue B free.

CARTER'S INK

Used by millions. Sure proof of its quality.

FITS Permanently Cured. No fee or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Kidney and Bladder Remedy. Sold by druggists.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

DON'T RENT

ESTABLISH A HOME OF YOUR OWN

Read "The Corn Belt," a handsome monthly paper, beautifully illustrated, containing exact and truthful information about farm lands in the West, letters from farmers and pictures of their homes, barns and stock. Interesting and instructive. Send 25 cents in postage stamps for a year's subscription to "THE CORN BELT," 209 Adams St., Chicago.

SOLDIERS Add. Homestead rights bought. If you're tired less than 100 acres before June 21, 1900, write to H. A. STREISS & CO., 317 E. 14th St., Washington, D. C.

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISE please state that you saw the Adment in this paper.